

THE BRECKENRIDGE NEWS,

JNO. D. BABBAGE, Editor and Publisher

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Examine the label on your paper. If it is not correct please notify us.

The Cloverport bridge needs attention quick.

After a man dies all his sins are called mistakes.

Hawesville suffered terribly last week from the flood.

One doesn't know what a flood means until it gets over his onion bed.

President elect Wilson has asked if the inaugural ball might be eliminated.

The people who are genuinely interested in their old home always take their home paper.

Father Henry said Sunday in his sermon to the St. Rose church congregation that the most important business in life was the business of right living.

The City Council ought to do the handsome thing by the ferry men and give them more than they are expecting for running the boats so safely last week.

The best kind of a customer is the man who telephones to know what his bill is, then mails a check. It is a pleasure to do business with a man or woman so careful and prompt.

Miss Hellen Gould, the richest woman in the world, will confine the expense of her wedding trousseau to \$1,000. She will be married to Finley J. Shepard at her Tarrytown home next Wednesday. Miss Gould's favorite colors are purple and gray.

Mr. Tice Hendrick's announcement for jailor subject to the action of the Democratic party in the August primary, appears in this issue. Mr. Hendrick says every voter in the county of his name is a Democrat, and that he is the first Hendrick who ever offered for office.

PURIFY THE MOVIES.

The motion picture men of New York are hearing the call, "Purify the Movies." The manufacturers holding the licenses have felt the necessity of uplifting the motion picture art in this country and protecting the business against immoral films that are being imported and distributed in New York by unscrupulous dealers. There is a growing demand of the public for the very best sort of moving pictures. "The Deserter Wife" pictures, the pictures of shooting and killing and all the horrible things the human mind can imagine, are driving people away from the picture shows in thorough disgust. The American mind wants wholesome, attractive and delightful amusements. They want cheerful, happy pictures of life at the shows. The sooner the moving picture companies eliminate the movies that are not uplifting to society, the better it will be for their business.

ALMOST AN ISLAND.

If the back water had reached across the pike, the East Side of Cloverport would have been an island during the high stages of the flood. Slick creek flooded Skillman's bridge, submerged the grove and Clover creek curled around Africa and came around the hill spreading the back water not far from the pike in the pasture across from Rose Hill. The flood was a wonderful sight from the hill, seeing the lowlands of Indiana completely covered. The Ohio looked like a great bay. Friday it was crowded with white-caps and the waves almost whipped the banks to pieces. Drift wood, telephone posts and huge trunks of old trees simply choked the mouth of the creek. The river traffic was fairly good. Several large boats went by, including show boats and other river vessels.

Cloverport did not have any critical flood sufferers. It is true many were compelled to leave their homes, but they can go back again. Business was almost handicapped. And even Monday the train service was still out of commission. The city bridge stood the test. It was moonlight and those who had to cross the water at night could see as plain as day. During the whole time the town was protected by the kind hand of Providence. Not a life was lost, not one accident occurred.

THE DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CHAIRMAN.

The action of the County Democratic Committee Monday in unanimously electing Judge Henry DeHaven Moorman County Chairman, was a deserved credit to that young Democrat. Its action will certainly be approved by every Democrat in the county and every good citizen of whatever political faith. Judge Moorman has inaugurated a new system of conducting campaigns. He has eliminated all graft, money and whisky. He has brought to his assistance a committee of the best men in the county, sober, discreet, law abiding citizens, who believe in fair elections and counting votes as cast.

The good women of the county should also applaud him, and they do, for a number have so expressed themselves. When their husbands and sons go to the county seat they are not greeted with a jug of whisky in some back room where they fill up with booze which unfits them for the business on which they are sent, but are greeted with a sober, sane head of affairs, where there is no drinking or treating as in days gone by. Isn't this something to be proud of? It is the Wilson way and the only profitable way. Thanks to Judge Moorman.

WOODROW WILSON'S CHICAGO SPEECH.

(Lexington Leader.)

The frank talk of President-elect Wilson to the business men of

the country in his address before the Commercial Club of Chicago a week ago has given to public men a somewhat clearer idea of the general principles that are to govern the new administration than anything that has gone before. It is now plain, says the Washington staff correspondent of the Boston Transcript, who is in close touch with influential leaders of thought at the National Capital, that Mr. Wilson hopes to be able to educate the country away from the idea that all public good is dependent on legislation.

Senators and Representatives who have conferred with the President-elect recently say that as time goes on Mr. Wilson will make clear his purposes. He believes, they say, that the time has arrived when a "new state of mind" ought to be created throughout the country; he believes that most of the great problems before the country at this time could be solved with ease if the thoughtful men of the country would lend their assistance.

The reference to monopoly made by the President-elect is taken in Washington to mean that he expects the men who have built up great combinations in violation of the Sherman anti-trust law, and who have up to this time insisted on maintaining these combinations in violation of this law, to assist in bringing about new conditions.

It is pointed out by the public men who thoroughly indorse the attitude of Mr. Wilson on the trust question that the head of every trust in the country now understands thoroughly what the Sherman anti-trust law means and what can be accomplished under it by an administration that is determined to enforce it without fear or favor. The incoming President, so his friends in Washington say, is optimistic enough to believe that the trust magnates will, of their own accord, set about to remedy existing conditions. If they do not, one may be assured the new administration will show them no leniency whatever.

Summing up the Washington comment the Transcript correspondent says the Chicago speech of the President-elect is regarded by public men there as the most impressive plea that has ever been made for the big men of the country to "get right" in their attitude toward the Government, both Federal and State. If the thought that is in the mind of the President-elect is correctly understood there it is that the business men of the country have a larger duty to perform at this time than the President of the United States, the Congress, the Governors of the States and the State Legislatures.

In his discussion of existing conditions, Mr. Wilson had in mind, of course, only the general situation as it relates to action by the Federal Government. If the programme he has outlined should be carried out by the business men of the country, the men who are managing the affairs of the great trusts would quit looking for ways to evade the Sherman anti-trust law and join in an effort to obey that law; the bankers, merchants and other business men of the country would get together and make a sincere effort to help the new administration revise the banking and currency laws and the beneficiaries of the protective tariff would be willing to co-operate in an effort to obtain an honest downward revision of tariff rates.

Under the "temper" that has prevailed among business men for the last twelve years there has been no real co-operation between business men and the Federal Government. Naturally public men are interested to see whether the new President will be able to change this "state of mind of the public." They say that if he can do this, he will set a new mark in the administration of governmental affairs. And yet, say his friends, such an outcome as he hopes for is the natural one to expect.

TAFT PRAISES BODY

DECLARES COMMISSION ON ECONOMY AND EFFICIENCY HAVE EFFECTED BIG SAVING.

REPORTS URGE NEW REFORMS

Memorandum Accompanying President's Message Asserts Board Has Shown Government Can Reduce Its Expenses \$5,979,000 Annually.

Washington, Jan. 9.—Sweeping commendation of the work of the commission on economy and efficiency and a plea for an appropriation of a quarter of a million dollars to be available March 4 for the continuance of the work of that commission were contained in a special message from President Taft, which was read before both houses of congress.

Sees Saving of \$5,979,000. In a memorandum accompanying the message it was estimated that when the changes advocated by the commission in its previous 85 reports had been fully installed a yearly saving of \$5,979,000 would be effected in the government service.

In addition to this amount the proposed changes advocated in the eleven new reports, which formed the basis for the president's message, were calculated to add another \$500,000 to the yearly toll of economy effected by the commission.

Urges Reforms in Many Departments. These reports advocated reforms in as many governmental departments, all of which received the approbation of the president. The matters commented on by the commission were as follows:

1. Business methods of the office of the adjutant general of the war department.

2. The handling and filing of correspondence in the mail and record division of the office of the chief of engineers.

3. The handling and filing of correspondence and the doing of statistical work in the bureau of insular affairs.

4. The handling and filing of correspondence in the office of the surgeon general.

5. The handling and filing of correspondence in the office of the signal corps.

6. The handling and filing of correspondence in the office of the chief of ordnance.

7. The handling and filing of correspondence in the mail and record division of the department of justice.

8. Methods of keeping efficiency records of employees in the national bank redemption agency of the department of the treasury.

9. The electric lighting of federal

buildings of the department of the treasury.

10. The establishment of an independent public health service.

11. The recovery of fiber stock of canceled paper money.

Systems Are Declared Ancient.

In many departments, state the commission, the office systems were found to be twenty-five years behind the times.

In commenting on the work of the commission, the president said:

"During the time and with the staff available it has not been possible to make final detached reports on more than a few of the hundreds of offices in Washington, and in only one office outside of Washington has this work been undertaken. The reports which are submitted will serve, however, to illustrate the character of the results which may follow an extensive investigation of office technique and procedure. In my opinion these investigations should be carried into every branch and office of the government, and to do this ample funds must be provided. As stated in previous messages to congress, there is no greater service to the country than that of the continuance of the work of the commission until some form of organization, is provided for continuous doing this kind of work under the executive. It would be very much to the credit of the administration if the president were authorized to spend whatever amount he may deem necessary within the next two years, the only condition attached being that he render an account of expenditures."

Files in New Houses Explained.

"Moving into an apartment that had never before been occupied," said a flat-dweller, "we were struck unpleasantly by the number of files we found there and for their presence we were quite unable to account."

"It was some relief to us to be told by a friend that there are always lots of files in new houses; that they are drawn by the paste used in the papering, and while the work is going they have free ingress; and then when the house is finished it is likely to be closed up and the files left there to be found when the first tenant moves in."

Poet's Unhappy Childhood.

Thomas Gray, author of the immortal elegy, was one of 12 children and the only one of the lot that lived. His seemed destined to go the way of his brothers and sisters, and was suffering from convulsions, when his mother, in desperation, opened a vein in his arm with a pair of scissors and saved his life. His father, a sour, jealous man, had no use for him or for his mother, and never contributed to their support. His lonely and unhappy childhood explains the melancholy that tinged his life and writings.

EVERY MAN

is born with equal rights, but it takes a certain amount of good judgment to realize these rights, therefore the

SECRET OF YOUR SUCCESS

lies in your judgment of the man with whom you place your contract for your building material. If

You Judge Rightly

you will select the man who carries

A Complete Line

of Rough and Dressed Lumber, Ceiling, Flooring, Oils, Paints and Varnishes; everything to complete your home from Chimney tops to basement. To find

THE RIGHT KIND OF MATERIAL AT THE RIGHT PRICE AND THE RIGHT MAN, GO TO

MARION WEATHERHOLT, General Contractor
Cloverport, Kentucky

UNCALLED FOR DEPOSITS

As required by law the Breckenridge Bank publishes hereby a list of deposits showing on their books and uncalled for within five years, together with dates of same.

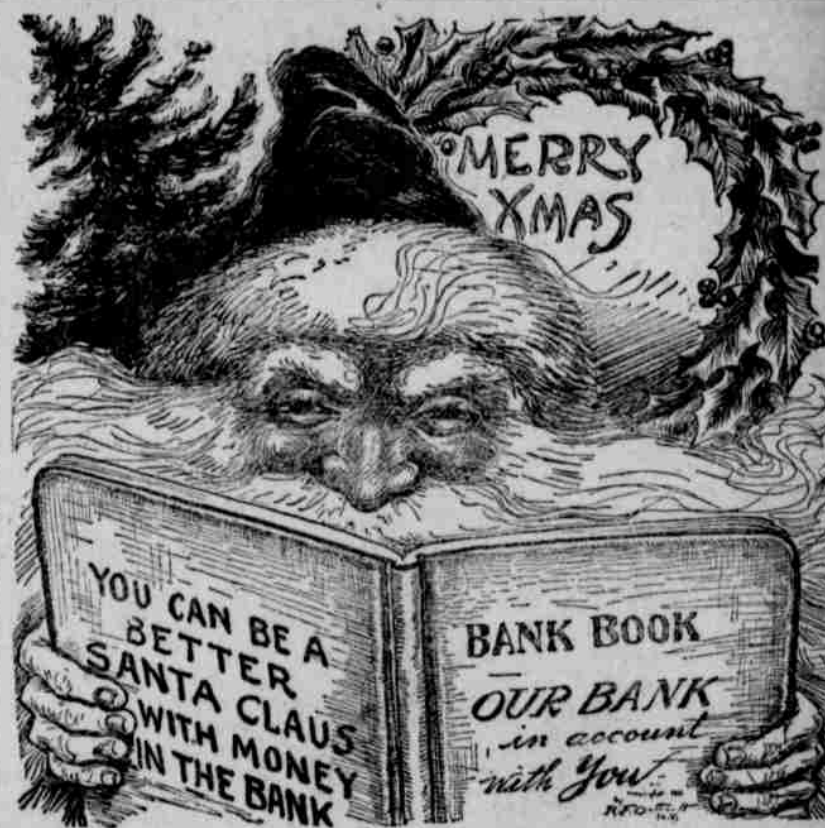
March 23, 1901, W. L. Basham.....\$20 00
July 13, 1903, E. C. Brice.....15 98
April 13, 1907, Mary E. Hinton.....30 00
Unknown, Eli Miller.....8 00
Unknown, Fritz Schoen.....7 95
The foregoing list is correct.

A. B. SKILLMAN, Cashier

Subscribed and sworn to before me by A. B. Skillman, Cashier, this the 18th day of Jan. 1913.

O. T. Skillman,
Notary Public Breckenridge County.

My commission Expires Jan. 12th, 1914.



Cut out being a "CHRISTMAS TREE" for everyone who asks you to lend him money. If you want to lose a friend, lend him money; for when you ask him for it, you will lose both your friend and your MONEY. BANK your money. You, YOURSELF and YOUR FAMILY are the ones who most deserve what you earn.

Let Our Bank be Your Bank

"Total Resources, Including Trust Investments \$600,000 00"

THE BANK OF HARDINSBURG & TRUST CO. Hardinsburg, Ky.

REWARD

The Depot Building at West Point having been broken into and robbed on several occasions, notice is hereby given that the Louisville, Henderson & St. Louis Railway Company will pay a reward of TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS (\$200.00) for information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of the party or parties guilty of the offense.

L. J. IRWIN,

December 1912

President and General Manager

Breckenridge News and Louisville Daily Herald 1 Year \$3